PHOTOELECTRIC SENSORS & SWITCHES MEASUREMENT SENSORS PROXIMITY SWITCHES LIMIT

SWITCHES SAFETY

KEY SWITCHES

LIMIT SWITCHES WITH POSITIVE OPENING MECHANISM

- GENERAL PURPOSE
- TECHNICAL GUIDE LIMIT SWITCHES
- EXPLOSION-PROOF SWITCHES
- TECHNICAL GUIDE FOR EXPLOSION-PROOF SWITCHES

| STANDARD |
|-----------------|
| SPATTER-GUARDED |
| 1LS-J7□□ |
| 1LS-J8□□ |
| 1LS□-J401 |
| VCL-DD |

SL1-DD

SL1-DC

No lever

OUTDOOR LIMIT SWITCHES Model 1LS-J8

A highly durable switch that withstands heat from direct sunlight and extreme air temperature changes in outdoor applications.

- Wide range of models.
- Wide range of actuators. Select the actuator to suit your particular work requirements and operating conditions.
- Mechanical life: 10 million operations.
- UL/CSA/GB (ccc marking) approved models.

APPLICATIONS

- Automated mechanical parking garages
- Ski lifts
- Cherry pickers and other elevated work equipment
- Various other industrial machinery in harsh environments and cold places. (Use the corrosion-proof type if switch will be splashed by strong acidic or alkaline liquids.)

Standard

switch 20°

8.9 N

High

overtravel 80°

ORDER GUIDE



UL/CSA/GB(ccc marking) approved.



1LS-J821S

1LS-J8 Features



- ①The lever fixing bolt is made out of SUS and is fluorine-coated to improve removability.
- ②The gap between the lever body and head has been increased to improve corrosion resistance, dust resistance and freeze resistance performance.
- ③Lever return defects have been remedied by a head structure that prevents corrosion of the housing and by the use of SUS as the shaft material.
- ④Special hardening has been performed on shaft internal moving parts to improve wear and corrosion resistance performance.
- (5) The lubricant on operating mechanisms has been changed to one that can be used in a wide operating temperature range (-60°C to +160°C) to improve temperature characteristics.
- ⑥Special coating has been added to the head's internal plunger to maintain smooth performance.
- ⑦SUS has been used for all external screws as a countermeasure against defects caused by rust.
- ⑧Silicone rubber is used for all of the seal rubber to improve low temperature characteristics.
- The body and head housing have undergone special corrosion resistance treatment.

PERFORMANCE

| Catalog listing | | 1LS-J80 | 1LS-J82 | 1LS-J83 | |
|-------------------------------|--|--|---|---------|--|
| Otom do nato | Compliance | NECA C 4508/JIS C 8201-5-1 | | | |
| Standards | Certification | UL/CSA/GB | | | |
| | Contact form | 2-circuit double break | | | |
| Structure | Terminal type | M4 screw (switch terminal screw) | | | |
| | Contact type | Silver rivet | | | |
| | Protective structure | IP67 (IEC 60529, JIS C 0920) | | | |
| Electrical performance | Electrical rating | See Table 1. | | | |
| | Between non- Dielectric continuous terminals | 1,000 Vac, 50/60 Hz for 1 minute | | | |
| | strength Between each terminal and non-live metal part | 2,000 Vac, 50/60 Hz for 1 minute | | | |
| | Insulation resistance | Min. 100 MΩ(by 500 Vdc megger) | | | |
| | Initial contact resistance | Silver: Max. 50 mΩ(6 to 8 Vdc, thermal current 1A, voltage drop method) | | | |
| | initial contact resistance | Gold-plated: Max. 100 m Ω (6 to 8 Vdc, thermal current 0.1A, voltage drop method) | | | |
| | Recommended min. contact operating voltage/current | 24V 10 mA, 12V 20 mA | | | |
| | Actuator strength | Withstands load 5 times O.F. (operating direction for 1 minute) | | | |
| | Terminal strength | Withstands tightening force of 1.5 N·m for 1 minute | | | |
| | Impact resistance | Contacts open for 1 ms max. at 300 m/s ² in free position and total travel position | | | |
| Mechanical | Vibration resistance | 1.5 mm peak-to-peak an | or 2 continuous hours | | |
| periormance | | Contacts open for | for 1 ms max. in free position and total travel position. | | |
| | Allowable operating speed | 1.7 mm/s to 0.5 m/s | | | |
| | Operating frequency | Max. 60 operations/minute | | | |
| life | Mechanical | Min. 10 million operations | | | |
| LIIC | Electrical | See Table 2. | | | |
| A make in a second in a | Tomporaturo | -10 to +70°C(freezing not allowed) | |) | |
| Amplent operating | | −5 to +70°C for double seal type (S type) | | | |
| oonations | Humidity | Max. 98% RH | | | |
| Recommended tightening torque | Body | 5 to 6 N·m (M5 hexagon socket head bolt) | | bolt) | |
| | Cover | 1.3 to 1.7 N⋅m (M4 screw) | | | |
| | Head | 0.8 to 1.2 N·m (M3.5 screw) | | | |
| | Lever | 4 to 5.2 N⋅m (M5 hexagon socket head bolt) | | | |
| | Terminal screw | 1.0 to 1.4 N⋅m (M4 binding head machine screw) | | | |

PHOTOELECTRIC Sensors & Switches

MEASUREMENT SENSORS

PROXIMITY SWITCHES

limit Switches

SAFETY Key switches

LIMIT SWITCHES WITH POSITIVE OPENING MECHANISM

GENERAL PURPOSE LIMIT SWITCHES TECHNICAL GUIDE FOR LIMIT SWITCHES

EXPLOSION-PROOF SWITCHES

TECHNICAL GUIDE FOR EXPLOSION-PROOF SWITCHES

 STANDARD

 LS

 SPATTER-GUARDED

 LS-J7

 1LS-J8

 1LS-J401

 VCL

 SL1

SL1-DC

Connector

Table 1. Electrical rating

PHOTOELECTRIC SENSORS & SWITCHES

MEASUREMENT SENSORS PROXIMITY SWITCHES LIMIT SWITCHES SAFETY KEY SWITCHES

LIMIT SWITCHES WITH POSITIVE OPENING MECHANISM

GENERAL PURPOSE

TECHNICAL GUIDE FOR LIMIT SWITCHES EXPLOSION-PROOF SWITCHES

TECHNICAL GUIDE FOR EXPLOSION-PROOF SWITCHES

STANDARD

SPATTER-GUARDED

1LS-J7

1LS-J8

1LSD-J401

VCL-

SL1-DD

SL1-DC

| Internal switch Standard type | | Standard type | D | ouble seal type |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|---|------------------------|--|
| Туре | Catalog listing | Electrical rating | Catalog listing | Electrical rating |
| Standard | 1LS-J80⊟ 1LS-J82⊡ | 125, 250, 480 Vac 10A 125 Vac 1/2HP 250 Vac 1HP 125 Vdc 0.8A 250 Vdc 0.4A | 1LS-J80⊟S 1LS-J82⊟S | 125, 250, 480 Vac 5A 125 Vac 1/8HP 250 Vac 1/4HP 125 Vdc 0.8A 250 Vdc 0.4A |
| High sensitivity | 1LS-J83□ | 125, 250, 480 Vac 10A 125 Vac 1/2HP 250 Vac 1HP 125 Vdc 0.8A 250 Vdc 0.4A | 1LS-J83⊟S | 125, 250, 480 Vac 5A 125 Vac 1/8HP 250 Vac 1/4HP |

Table 2. Electrical life

| Internal switch | Load | Life | Circuit diagram | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|-------------|
| Standard load | Rated load | Min. 500,000 operations | | |
| Standard load, double seal | Rated load | Min. 200,000 operations | | (N.O.)4Za |
| Low current load | Rated load | Min. 2 million operations | | (N.C.)1 |
| Assumes operating frequency of 20 | operations/minute. | | N.O.4 N.O.3 | EN60947-5-1 |

EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS

Basic dimensions



Actuator mounting dimensions

Roller lever type



Roller lever can also be attached on opposite side.



Adjustable roller lever type

Roller lever can also be attached on opposite side. Roller: 17.4 dia. × 7.1 Sintered stainless steel R26 to R89 adjustment 66.3 ± 0.8 61.1 ± 0.8 50.7 ± 0.8 range $\overline{\oplus}$ M5×16 hexagon socket head bolt 6 O 10 3

(unit: mm)

OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS



PRECAUTIONS FOR USE

1. Protective structure

- IP67 protection does not assure complete waterproofing. Switch should not be in constant contact with water.
- Avoid use where external force is applied at all times on the connecting section of the connector.
- Do not use the body as a step or place heavy objects on top of it.

2. Ensuring a good seal

- When general-purpose limit switches are used in locations subject to splashing by water, oil, dirt and dust, or chips, water or oil sometimes enters the switch from the conduit due to capillary action. For this reason, be sure to use a sealed connector compatible with the cable.
- When the screws in the head or covers are loosened to change the operating direction of the switch, or the relationship between switch operation and the indicator lamp (lamp ON during switch standby / during switch operation), tighten the screws to the recommended tightening torque to ensure a good seal.

<Recommended tightening torque> Cover: 1.3 to 1.7 N·m (M4 screw) Head: 0.8 to 1.2 N·m (M3.5 screw)

3. Attaching switches

- Tighten each of the parts on the limit switch according to the appropriate tightening torques listed in the performance tables.
 Overtightening damages screws and other parts. On the other hand, insufficient tightening of screws lowers the effectiveness of the seal and reduces various performance characteristics.
- Do not leave or use covers and conduit parts open. Water, dirt, or dust may enter, which causing malfunction.
- Prevent impact to the lever body and head. Failure to do so might deform the actuator or cause defective switch return.
- Do not use silicone rubber electrical lead insulation, silicone adhesive or grease containing silicone. Doing so might result in defective electrical conductivity.

4. Wiring

- Do not perform wiring with the power ON. Doing so might cause electric shock, or the machine may start unexpectedly, causing an accident.
- Use crimp-type terminal lugs with covered insulation for electrical leads to prevent contact with covers and housings. If a crimp-type terminal lug contacts a cover, the cover may no longer shut
- or a ground fault may occur. Use sealed connectors (PA1 Series, etc. sold separately) or
- flexible tubing (PA3 Series) with IP67 or equivalent seal for conduits.

Firmly tighten covers and conduits. If covers and conduits are not sufficiently tightened, the seal will be impaired and switch performance will no longer be assured.

5. Adjusting switches

- Do not apply excessive force (5 times O.F.) to the actuator beyond the total travel position. Doing so might damage the switch.
- Keep overtravel between 1/3 to 2/3 of the rated value. Small overtravel might cause the contacts to rattle due to vibration and impact, or may result in defective contact.

6. Environment

- Do not use the product in an environment where the cover may directly come into contact with any strong volatile solvent.
- Do not use the switch in an environment where strong acid or alkali is directly splashed onto it.

7. Other cautions

- Do not apply a lubricant to the sliding part of the actuator or any other component. Application of an inappropriate lubricant may degrade sliding performance or impair the protective structure.
- Remove any foreign substances adhering to the sliding part. Dust or any other foreign substance attached to the sliding part may cause a malfunction.
- Check the actual load.
 - To increase reliability, confirm that the switch has no problems in actual use before using the switch.

Before use, thoroughly read the "Precautions for use" and "Precautions for handling" in the Technical Guide on pages **D-101** to **D-112** as well as the instruction manual and product specification for this switch.



SENSORS & SWITCHES MEASUREMENT

1LS-J83

89

0.98

10° +2

05

62°

PHOTOELECTRIC

PROXIMITY

SWITCHES

SWITCHES

KEY SWITCHES

LIMIT SWITCHES WITH POSITIVE OPENING MECHANISM

GENERAL PURPOSE LIMIT SWITCHES

EXPLOSION-PROOF

SWITCHES

SWITCHES

TECHNICAL GUIDE FOR EXPLOSION-PROOF

STANDARD LS SPATTER-GUARDED LS 1LS-J7 1LS-J8

| - | | |
|-------|---|--|
| VCL-D | | |
| SL1- | | |
| SL1- | C | |

1LS_-.1401

Please read "Terms and Conditions" from the following URL before ordering and use. https://www.azbil.com/products/factory/order.html

Other product names, model numbers and company names may be trademarks of the respective company.

[Notice] Specifications are subject to change without notice. No part of this publication may be reproduced or duplicated without the prior written permission of Azbil Corporation.

Azbil Corporation Advanced Automation Company

Yamatake Corporation changed its name to Azbil Corporation on April 1, 2012.

1-12-2 Kawana, Fujisawa Kanagawa 251-8522 Japan

URL: https://www.azbil.com

1st Edition : Jan. 2018